

## National Exams December 2009

07-Elec-B5, Advanced Electronics

3 hours duration

### Notes:

1. If any doubt exists as to the interpretation of any question, the candidate is urged to submit, within their answer, a clear statement of any assumptions made.
2. This is a CLOSED BOOK EXAM.  
One of two calculators is permitted any Casio or Sharp approved models.
3. Any 5 (FIVE) questions constitute a complete paper. The first five questions as they appear in the answer book will be marked.
4. All questions are worth 20 marks each.
5. Please start each question on a new page and clearly identify the question number and part number, e.g. Q4(a).
6. In schematics, ground and chassis may be assumed to be common, unless specifically stated otherwise.
7. Unless otherwise specified, assume that Op-Amps are ideal and that supply voltages are  $\pm 15V$ .
8. Some questions require an answer in essay format. Clarity and organization of the answer are important. Provide block diagrams and circuit schematics whenever necessary.

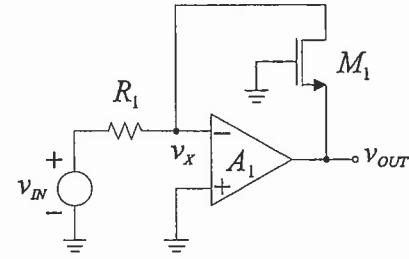
**QUESTION (1)**

- a) Derive the expression for voltage gain  $v_{OUT}/v_{IN}$ . (15 points)
- b) What is the function of this circuit? (5 points)

Useful formulae: for n-channel MOSFET

$$i_{DS} = K \left[ (v_{GS} - V_{TH})v_{DS} - \frac{1}{2}v_{DS}^2 \right] \quad \text{triode region}$$

$$i_{DS} = \frac{1}{2}K(v_{GS} - V_{TH})^2 (1 + \lambda v_{DS}) \quad \text{saturation region}$$



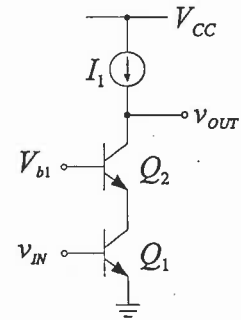
**QUESTION (2)**

The bipolar circuit is biased with a current of  $I_1 = 1\text{mA}$ . Determine the voltage gain  $v_{OUT}/v_{IN}$ . (20 points)

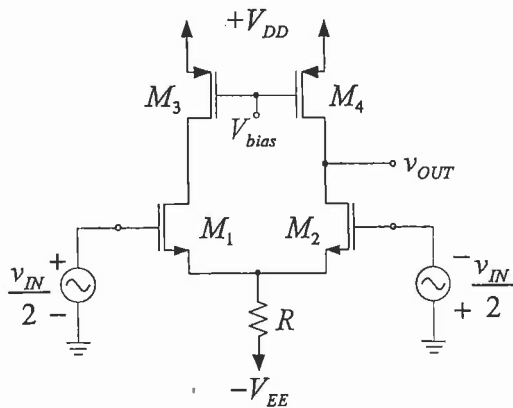
Given:

$$\beta = 100$$

$$V_A = 5\text{ V}$$



**QUESTION (3)**



In the following circuits, assume all transistors have the following parameters:

$$K = 0.5\text{ mA/V}^2, |V_{TH}| = 1\text{ V and } \lambda = 0.02.$$

Given:

$$V_{bias} = 8\text{ V}$$

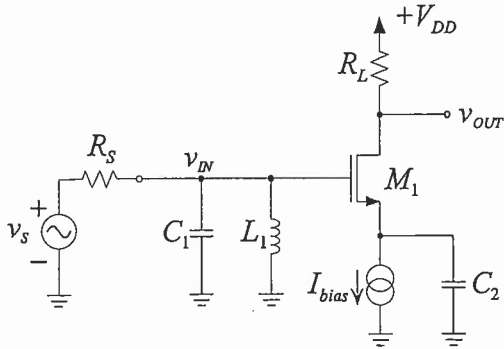
$$V_{DD} = 10\text{ V}$$

$$R = 2\text{ k}\Omega$$

- a) Estimate the differential gain  $v_{OUT}/v_{IN}$  in (V/V). (6 points)
- b) Find the common mode input resistance  $R_{icm}$ . (4 points)
- c) Find the common mode input range. (4 points)
- d) Estimate the common mode rejection ratio, CMRR. Express your result in dB. (6 points)

**QUESTION (4)**

In the following tuned amplifier circuit, the transistor  $M_1$  is biased such that  $V_{DD} = 10\text{ V}$ ,  $I_{bias} = 2\text{ mA}$ . The transistor parameters are given as  $K = 1\text{ mA/V}^2$ ,  $V_{TH} = 1\text{ V}$ ,  $C_{gs} = 10\text{ pF}$ ,  $C_{gd} = 1\text{ pF}$ , and  $\lambda = 0$ .

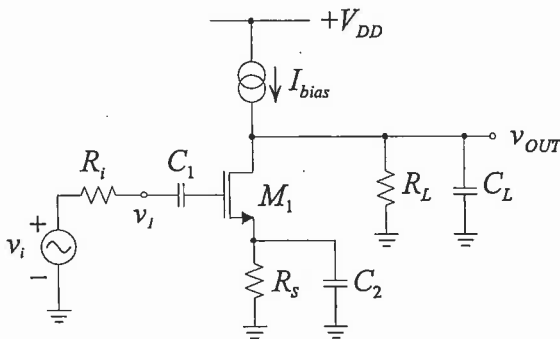


For:  $L_1 = 1\ \mu\text{H}$   
 $C_1 = 200\text{ pF}$ ,  $C_2 = \infty$   
 $R_S = 1\text{ k}\Omega$ ,  $R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega$

- What is the center frequency,  $\omega_o$  of this amplifier? (4 points)
- What is the gain  $v_{OUT}/v_S$  at  $\omega = \omega_o$ ? (8 points)
- What is the 3dB bandwidth of this tuned amplifier? (8 points)

**QUESTION (5)**

The following common source amplifier is already biased properly.



Given:

$g_m = 2\text{ mA/V}$	$r_o = 20\text{ k}\Omega$
$R_i = 20\text{ k}\Omega$	$R_L = 20\text{ k}\Omega$
$R_S = 3\text{ k}\Omega$	
$C_{gs} = 20\text{ fF}$	$C_{gd} = 5\text{ fF}$
$C_L = 5\text{ fF}$	$C_1 = \infty$
$C_2 = \infty$	

- Find the mid-band voltage gain  $v_{OUT}/v_i$ . (6 points)
- What is the new mid-band voltage gain,  $v_{OUT}/v_i$  if capacitor  $C_2$  is removed? (6 points)
- What is the new 3dB frequency  $f_H$  if capacitor  $C_2$  is removed? (8 points)

**QUESTION (6)**

In the following amplifier can be considered as a feedback circuit.

- a) Determine the input and output resistance ( $R_{IN}$  and  $R_{OUT}$ )  
if  $R_f = \infty$  (8 points)
- b) Determine the input and output resistance ( $R_{IN}$  and  $R_{OUT}$ )  
if  $R_f = 47 \text{ k}\Omega$ . (12 points)

Given:

$$R_C = 4.7 \text{ k}\Omega$$

$$\beta_1 = 100$$

$$R_S = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$$

$$V_A = \infty$$

