

National Exams May 2012

**04-Chem-B10, Life Cycle Assessment (LCA)**

3 hours duration

**NOTES:**

1. If doubt exists as to the interpretation of any question, the candidate is urged to submit with the answer paper, a clear statement of any assumptions made.
2. This is a CLOSED BOOK EXAM.  
A Casio or Sharp approved calculator is permitted.  
One double-sided aid sheet is permitted (or two single-sided sheets)
3. Question 1 MUST be completed. Any THREE (3) of the remaining four questions (i.e. Questions 2 to 5) constitute a complete exam paper. Only the first four questions as they appear in the answer book will be marked.
4. Each question is of equal value (25 marks). Marks for question parts are indicated beside each question (i.e. [10], [5], etc.)
5. Most questions require an answer in essay format. Clarity and organization of the answer are important.

**MANDATORY: Question 1 MUST be completed**

**Question 1 (25 Marks)**

- [10] (a) Discuss the importance of properly selecting the System Boundaries and Functional Unit for LCA-based comparisons of competing products / processes. Provide one example which illustrates improper selection of system boundaries and discuss how the conclusions of a comparative LCA would be affected.
- [5] (b) List the Life-Cycle Phases associated with process development and the Life-Cycle Stages of a product. Provide three real-world examples of inputs and/or outputs which would be investigated during the life-cycle inventory stage of a LCA. For each example, indicate where in the Life-Cycle Phases and Stages the input/output would arise.
- [5] (c) For one of the three examples provided in (b), discuss the likely Classification, Characterization and Evaluation results which would be obtained during the Life-Cycle Impact Assessment. List any assumptions you make regarding the nature and severity of the impacts in question.
- [5] (d) CO<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>x</sub>, SO<sub>x</sub> and VOC's are commonly used as benchmark compounds for the relative assessment of environmental impact. Briefly describe the environmental concern associated with each of these compounds.

**REMAINDER: Answer THREE (3) of the remaining four (4) questions. Be sure to indicate the question number in your Answer Paper.**

**Question 2 (25 Marks)**

The following three process streams are being considered for heat integration:

Stream Name	Mass Flow kg/s	Cp kJ/(kg°C)	Tin °C	Tout °C
C101	7.0	4.00	105	165
H102	10.0	2.00	185	50
C103	10.0	2.50	50	120

The following Utilities are available within the facility in question:

Utility Name	$\Delta H$ kJ/kg	Tin °C	Tout °C
LPS	-2082	160	159
HPS	-1715	250	249
CW	62.76	30	45

Assuming a minimum approach temperature of 10°, perform the following:

- [5] (a) Determine the utility type and required mass flow rate (kg/s) needed for each stream if no heat integration were performed
- [10] (b) Construct a Temperature Interval Diagram for this system, identifying the pinch point if one exists. Determine utility requirements (in kJ/s) above and below the pinch.
- [10] (c) Sketch a diagram illustrating a Heat Exchange Network that could be used to integrate the heat in this system, including additional exchangers for utilities. Specify heat exchanger duties, inlet and outlet temperatures, and utility flow rates in kg/s where applicable.

**Question 3 (25 Marks)**

A chemical in the wastewaters from a manufacturing facility is sent to a publicly owned wastewater treatment facility at a rate of 3000 kg/day. The treatment process removes 90% of the organic before discharging to a local river. 50 kilometers downriver of the discharge point is the intake to a public drinking water treatment system which removes 95% of the remaining chemical. Given the following information, complete each part of this question:

The river flows at a rate of 900 000 m<sup>3</sup> per day

The river velocity is 0.5 m/s

Organic solids concentration in suspended sediment: 25 mg / kg water

Biota concentration: 125 g per 100 m<sup>3</sup> water

Soil Sorption Coefficient: 100 kg in soil / kg in water

Bio-concentration Factor: 50 kg in biota / kg in water

- [10] (a) Determine the relative concentration of the chemical in water, soil and Biota at the initial discharge point
- [5] (b) If the chemical in question is not volatile and has a half-life in water of 72 hours, determine the concentration of the chemical at the intake of the public water system.
- [2.5] (c) Discuss whether or not performance modifications are needed to either treatment system if this chemical had regulated maximum concentration in drinking water of 10 ppt (by mass).
- [2.5] (d) Discuss the potential impact on the local ecology if the LC50 for local organisms is 15 ppm (mg chemical/kg fish).
- [5] (e) A number of gross simplifications have been applied in this analysis. Discuss additional environmental factors which would affect the chemical concentrations and describe how you might take a more comprehensive approach to solving this problem.

**Question 4 (25 Marks)**

For ONE (1) of the following topics, perform a streamlined LCA comparison.

- i) Nuclear, Coal, Natural Gas, Solar, and Wind-based power (pick two)
- ii) Hybrid Electric Vehicles vs. Gas/Diesel Vehicles
- iii) Incandescent vs. Florescent light bulbs
- iv) Cloth vs. Disposable Diapers
- v) Styrofoam vs. Plastic packaging
- vi) Wood vs. Polymer construction materials
- vii) Ammonia vs. CFC-based refrigerants

This is a broad-based essay-style question, with a length reflective of the relative marks assigned. Your response will be evaluated based on the following guidelines:

- [5] Topic description, identification of suitable system boundaries, and appropriate selection of functional units and targeted outcome of your comparison.
- [15] Application of engineering judgment in the scope of the system inventory and assignment and evaluation of impact factors. Breadth of discussion and depth of understanding of the selected topic. While accurate numerical values are not expected, relative assessments and identification of affected systems is.
- [5] Organization, legibility, cohesiveness of response.

**Question 5 (25 Marks)**

Answer FOUR (4) of the following five questions. Only the first four answered questions will be marked:

- [6.25] (a) Discuss the principles of Industrial Ecology, providing at least one detailed example illustrating its useful application
- [6.25] (b) Briefly describe the difference between a Tier 1, Tier 2 and Tier 3 environmental assessment of an industrial process, outlining the stages in development when each would be applied and the purpose and level of detail of each.
- [6.25] (c) Define Hazard and Exposure in the context of Risk Assessment. In the context of health and safety, describe the routes of chemical exposure and discuss the importance of the dose-response curve in assessing toxicity and exposure risk.
- [6.25] (d) Describe the procedure for performing an Environmental Release Assessment for an industrial process. Highlight the types of releases, associated environmental compartments, and briefly describe the methodology for estimating release rates.
- [6.25] (e) Discuss one example for each of the following sectors which illustrates the application of LCA results: industrial operations, public policy, and business management/marketing.